



Student Test Detail

Name: CROSBY JR, RANDY

ID: fdacs-1617282116889

Voucher Number: 91593

Email Address: lmsadmin@masseyservices.com

Test Name: Lawn and Ornamental (J3)

Total Questions Answered: 200

Total Correct: 147

Score: 74

Date Taken: Sep 22, 2021 12:43:08 PM - Sep 22, 2021 2:20:13 PM

Question Label	Question	Submitted Answer	Result
1. Question 16773243	What is the area in square feet of a circular plant bed with a diameter of 26 feet?	530.7 square feet	Right
2. Question 16773244	What is the area in square feet of a rectangular site with a length of 160 feet and a width of 90 feet?	14,400 square feet	Right

3. Question 16773245	What is the area in square feet of a triangular site that has a length of 115 feet along its longest side and a width of 40 feet at its widest point?	2,300 square feet	Right
4. Question 16773246	How much of a liquid product should be added to a 100-gallon spray tank if the product rate is 4 ounces per 1,000 square feet and the sprayer's output is 3 gallons per 1,000 square feet?	1.04 gallons	Right
5. Question 16773247	How much of a WDG formulated product should be mixed into a 500-gallon spray tank if the product rate is 0.3 ounces per 1,000 square feet and the sprayer's output is 3 gallons per 1,000 square feet?	50 ounces	Right
6. Question 16773248	Based on the Property Diagram (see Property Diagram), how much of a liquid insecticide would be needed to treat the lawn area if the product rate is 0.4 ounces per 1,000 square feet?	3.0 ounces	Right
7. Question 16773249	You have a plant bed containing 15 azaleas to treat for azalea lace bug infestation. The labeled rate of insecticide is 6 fluid ounces per gallon of water applied as "spray to wet." You determine that it requires 18 seconds to spray an average size	16.9 ounces	Right

	plant and collect 24 ounces of water when sprayed into a bucket for 18 seconds. How much insecticide will be needed for this entire job?		
8. Question 16773250	You want to spot treat an area of a lawn to be renovated using a nonselective herbicide. The product label calls for a 1.5% solution. You wish to fill a 3-gallon compressed air backpack sprayer to capacity. How much herbicide should be added to accomplish this?	5.8 ounces	Right
9. Question 16773251	You are hired by a homeowners' association to inject residential palms with an insecticide for control of whiteflies. The product label states to apply 2 ml per inch of trunk diameter at dbh. For a tree with a circumference of 24 inches, how many injection sites should be made to the tree?	4 sites	Right
10. Question 16773252	The product label states to apply 2 ml per inch of trunk diameter at dbh. For a tree with a circumference of 42 inches, how many injection sites should be made to the tree? How much insecticide should be delivered into each injection site?	7 sites; 4 ml	Right
11. Question	You want to apply a granular	1.7 bags	Right

16773253	product to a lawn measuring 8,400 square feet. The directions on the granular product's label states that a 20-pound bag will treat 5,000 square feet. How many bags of product will be needed for the entire job?		
12.Question 16773254	In a 1,000 square foot calibration test of a rotary granular spreader, 8¾ pounds of granules were caught. Is the spreader applying at a rate equal to the label rate of 20 pounds per 5,000 square feet?	No; the spreader is over-applying	Right
13.Question 16773255	How much granular pendimethalin is being applied per 1,000 square feet based on the following? The powered blower spreader has effective swath width of 14 feet when run over an 80-foot test course. It takes 25 seconds to walk the test course. In a 25-second test, 1.5 pounds of granules are caught in a bucket.	0.9 pounds	Wrong
14.Question 16773256	Based on a granular insecticide rate of 160 pounds per acre for chinch bug control, how much total insecticide should be applied to a 6,000 square feet lawn?	22 pounds	Right
15.Question 16773257	A rotary spreader's granule distribution pattern is checked by	12 feet	Wrong

	operating the spreader with its gate open over a line of 9 boxes spaced 2 feet apart. After checking, the granules from each box are weighed. The granules in boxes 1 and 9 are found to weigh half of that of the center box. What is the spreader's effective swath width?		
16.Question 16773258	Assume the following: A 4-foot by 100-foot test strip is sprayed with a compressed air sprayer; the test was timed at 40 seconds; the sprayer was operated for 40 seconds delivering 46 ounces of water into a bucket. How much water is the sprayer applying per 1,000 square feet?	0.90 gallons	Right
17.Question 16773259	How many pounds per 1,000 square feet is a rotary spreader delivering if: 20 pounds of granules were placed into its hopper before making a test run. It was timed over a 100-foot course test run for an average of 28 seconds. The width of the treated swath was 12 feet. After the test run and dumping its remaining contents onto a scale, 16.3 pounds of granules were collected.	3.1 pounds	Right
18.Question	If a technician is "calibrated" to	8,500 square feet	Right

16773260	treat a 1,000 square foot test area in one minute with a spray gun, how many square feet would be treated in 8.5 minutes?		
19.Question 16773261	Which of the following situations does not require application equipment calibration?	Application to a site using an ATV-mounted sprayer	Wrong
20.Question 16773262	How much herbicide should be mixed into a full 16-ounce hand-held compressed air spray bottle to prepare a 1.0% spray solution? [1 fluid ounce = 29.6 milliliters (ml)]	4.7 ml	Right
21.Question 16773263	Which of the following statements is false concerning drift?	Ideally, winds should be in the range of 3 to 9 mph while spraying	Wrong
22.Question 16773264	Which conditions are most favorable for pesticide drift to occur?	When relative humidity is high and temperatures are high	Wrong
23.Question 16773265	When are temperature inversions most likely to occur and cause pesticide drift?	In the late afternoon when thunderstorms are most likely to occur	Wrong
24.Question 16773266	Which type of application equipment is most useful for spot treatments?	Compressed air sprayer	Right
25.Question 16773267	Given a choice of application equipment where off-target movement of pesticides is a concern, which would be the best choice?	Rotary spreader	Wrong
26.Question	Which insect is the most	Western honey bee	Right

16773268	important pollinator in Florida and American agricultural landscapes?		
27.Question 16773269	Which of the following widely used lawn and ornamental insecticide is considered highly toxic to bees?	Imidacloprid	Right
28.Question 16773270	How do you know if a certain pesticide is highly toxic to bees and other pollinators?	The product label will contain a pollinator protection box	Right
29.Question 16773271	What is the most likely reason why there have been declines in bee and pollinator populations in recent years?	A combination of factors	Right
30.Question 16773272	When is the best time to make pesticide applications so as to have minimal impacts on bees and other pollinators?	During the night	Right
31.Question 16773273	Given a choice of insecticides, which would be considered relatively safe to use in a situation where pollinator protection is a concern?	Dinotefuran	Wrong
32.Question 16773274	Which of the following statements is false regarding disposal of grass clippings, leaves, or other landscape debris?	Using a storm sewer is acceptable to dispose of such debris	Right
33.Question 16773275	Which of the following statements is false regarding grass clippings?	Clippings have no significant nutrient value	Right
34.Question	Which of the following statements	Mulches cause the loss of water	Right

16773276	is false regarding mulching?	from the soil by capillary action	
35.Question 16773277	Which of the following statements is false regarding mulching best management practices?	Use mulch to provide a cover of uniform color and an interesting surface texture	Wrong
36.Question 16773278	Why can Bermudagrass withstand very low mowing heights compared with other warm-season grasses?	Because it grows vegetatively by both rhizomes and stolons	Wrong
37.Question 16773279	What is the optimal mowing height for St. Augustinegrass?	3.5 to 4.0 inches	Right
38.Question 16773280	Which of the following statements is false regarding mowing best management practices?	Mowing in a different direction every time the lawn is cut reduces the possibility of scalping	Wrong
39.Question 16773281	No more than _____ of the leaf blade should be removed with a single mowing.	one-fourth	Wrong
40.Question 16773282	Which of the following statements is false regarding pruning of landscape plants?	Proper plant selection can eliminate many pruning requirements	Wrong
41.Question 16773283	Which of the following statements is false regarding the 1996 Mangrove Trimming and Preservation Act?	Dead mangrove trees are exempt from the regulations	Right
42.Question 16773284	Which native Florida mangrove species is particularly sensitive to trimming?	Red	Right
43.Question 16773285	What is the primary purpose of the concept, "Ring of Responsibility?"	To maintain a buffer in order not to get fertilizer into a body of water	Right
44.Question	What does a fertilizer grade	The fertilizer contains 16% N, 4%	Right

16773286	(analysis) of 16-4-8 indicate?	P2O5, and 8% K2O	
45.Question 16773287	What is the overall purpose of Florida's Urban Turf Fertilizer Rule?	It limits the amount of N and P that manufacturers may recommend for application on urban turf and lawns	Right
46.Question 16773288	Why doesn't soil sampling provide an analysis for N?	Because an analysis of N is not reliable due to it being highly mobile in Florida's sandy soils	Right
47.Question 16773289	What is the recommended maximum amount of water-soluble N per 1,000 square feet per application?	one-half pound	Right
48.Question 16773290	Regardless of region in Florida, which lawn turfgrass species has the lowest N fertilizer requirement?	Centipedegrass	Right
49.Question 16773291	Which of the following are considered to be "secondary" nutrients?	Fe, Mn, Cu	Wrong
50.Question 16773292	What is a practical means to prevent application of fertilizer to a Directly Connected Impervious Area?	Install a deflector shield on the fertilizer spreader	Right
51.Question 16773293	Which of the following statements is false regarding the fertilization of landscape plants?	High levels of nitrogen fertilizer can induce flowering in plants	Right
52.Question 16773294	Which of the following statements is false regarding P fertilization?	The Urban Turf Fertilizer Rule does not pertain to P, but only N	Right
53.Question	Which of the following statements	K is relatively immobile in soil	Right

16773295	is false regarding K fertilization?	compared with N	
54.Question 16773296	Which of the following statements is false regarding soil testing?	Soil testing should be conducted separately from tissue testing	Right
55.Question 16773297	Which nutrients can be used, instead of N, to enhance turfgrass color on soils having a pH greater than 7.0?	Zn and/or Cu	Wrong
56.Question 16773298	What is the best management practice regarding fertilizer application for environmental protection?	Proper application of fertilizer is more important than the type of product	Right
57.Question 16773299	Which of the following statements is false regarding soil sampling?	Laboratories across the state use the same extractant, so results will be similar if you change laboratories	Right
58.Question 16773300	Which of the following is a slow release source of N?	Urea	Wrong
59.Question 16773301	What does Florida Law mandate owners and contractors to maintain on all automatically controlled irrigation systems?	An operating moisture cutoff device	Right
60.Question 16773302	Which has been shown to be the most effective and economical source for K to treat deficient palms in the landscape?	Muriate of potash (0-0-60)	Wrong
61.Question 16773303	What is the common name of the active ingredient in this product (refer to the product label)?	Halosulfuron-methyl	Right
62.Question 16773304	If woody ornamentals have just been transplanted into a new	1 month	Wrong

	area, how long should you wait before applying this product (refer to the product label)?		
63.Question 16773305	Which types of weeds does this product control (refer to the product label)?	Sedges	Right
64.Question 16773306	If used as post-emergence treatment in established turfgrass, how much product is needed to treat 1,000 square feet (refer to the product label)?	Two-thirds to one and one-third ounces	Wrong
65.Question 16773307	Which of the following articles of personal protective equipment are required to be worn by applicators and other handlers of this product (refer to the product label)?	Long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, socks	Right
66.Question 16773308	For optimum control, how long should you wait after application to mow a lawn (refer to the product label)?	2 days	Right
67.Question 16773309	What is the trade (brand) name of this product (refer to the label)?	SedgeHammer	Right
68.Question 16773310	What is the EPA registration number of this product (refer to the label)?	81880-1-10163	Right
69.Question 16773311	How much active ingredient does this product contain (refer to the product label)?	75 percent	Right
70.Question 16773312	What is the purpose of the small box, "GROUP B 2 HERBICIDE,"	It signifies the mechanism of action group to assist in	Right

	on the top of the front panel of this product's label (refer to the product label)?	resistance management	
71.Question 16773313	Refer to Image 1. What is this arthropod?	Armored scale	Right
72.Question 16773314	Refer to Image 2. What are these arthropods?	Soft scales	Wrong
73.Question 16773315	Refer to Image 3. What are these arthropods?	Spider mites	Wrong
74.Question 16773316	Refer to Image 4. What are these arthropods?	Whiteflies	Right
75.Question 16773317	Refer to Image 5. What is this arthropod?	Spider mite	Right
76.Question 16773318	Refer to Image 6. What is this arthropod?	Azalea caterpillar	Right
77.Question 16773319	Refer to Image 7. What is this arthropod?	Azalea caterpillar adult	Wrong
78.Question 16773320	Refer to Image 8. What is carving these galleries?	Redbay ambrosia beetle larvae	Right
79.Question 16773321	Refer to Image 9. What is causing the tunneling in this leaf?	Serpentine leafminer larvae	Right
80.Question 16773322	Refer to Image 10. What is this arthropod?	Thrips	Right
81.Question 16773323	Refer to Image 11. What is this arthropod?	Chinch bug	Right
82.Question 16773324	Refer to Image 12. What is this arthropod?	Ground pearl	Right
83.Question 16773325	Refer to Image 13. What is this arthropod?	Spittlebug	Right

84.Question 16773326	Refer to Image 14. What is this arthropod?	Tropical sod webworm larva	Wrong
85.Question 16773327	Refer to Image 15. What is this arthropod?	Fall armyworm larva	Wrong
86.Question 16773328	Refer to Image 16. What are these arthropods?	Mole crickets	Right
87.Question 16773329	Refer to Image 17. What is this arthropod?	Hunting billbug	Right
88.Question 16773330	Refer to Image 18. What is this arthropod?	Red imported fire ant	Right
89.Question 16773331	Refer to Image 19. What is this arthropod?	Palm aphid	Right
90.Question 16773332	Refer to Image 20. What is this arthropod?	Red date scale	Right
91.Question 16773333	Refer to Image 21. What are these arthropods?	Palmetto weevils	Right
92.Question 16773334	Refer to Image 22. What is this arthropod?	Green lacewing adult	Right
93.Question 16773335	Refer to Image 23. What is this arthropod?	Bigeyed bug	Right
94.Question 16773336	Refer to Image 24. What is this arthropod?	Minute pirate bug	Right
95.Question 16773337	Refer to Image 25. Which arthropod deposited the eggs on this pest caterpillar?	Tachinid fly	Right
96.Question 16773338	Refer to Image 26. Which type of metamorphosis does the arthropod shown in this image undergo?	Molting	Wrong

97.Question 16773339	Refer to Image 27. Which type of metamorphosis does the arthropod shown in this image undergo?	Complete	Right
98.Question 16773340	Refer to Image 28. Which arthropod pest caused the stippled and chlorotic appearance on these leaves?	Azalea leafminer	Wrong
99.Question 16773341	Refer to Image 29. Which arthropod pest is capable of secreting the honeydew resulting in this sooty mold on this ornamental plant's foliage?	Thrips	Wrong
100Question 16773342	Refer to Image 30. Which arthropod pest is capable of spinning fine webs over this pittosporum foliage?	Red spider mite	Right
101Question 16773343	Refer to Image 31. Which arthropod pest most likely caused this yellow to burnt-brown patch of St. Augustinegrass along this sidewalk?	Southern chinch bug	Right
102Question 16773344	Refer to Image 32. Which arthropod pest most likely caused this St. Augustinegrass lawn to have a ragged appearance by its chewing notches in the leaves?	Southern chinch bug	Wrong
103Question 16773345	Refer to Image 33. Which arthropod pest most likely built this mound?	Red imported fire ants	Right
104Question	Refer to Image 34. Which	Lance nematode	Wrong

16773346	species of nematode most likely cropped the turfgrass root system shown on the right?		
108Question 16773347	Refer to Image 35. What most likely caused the cracking on this azalea branch?	Frost injury (abiotic)	Right
108Question 16773348	Refer to Image 36. What is most likely causing the occurrence of the crown gall on this rose?	Viral pathogen (biotic)	Wrong
107Question 16773349	Refer to Image 37. What is the common name of the disease infecting this Bradford pear?	Fire blight	Right
108Question 16773350	Refer to Image 38. Which fungal pathogen has irregular brown-shaped sclerotia, resembling soil particles?	Pseudomonas	Wrong
109Question 16773351	Refer to Image 39. What is the fungal disease that appears only on the underside of these viburnum leaves?	Downy mildew	Right
110Question 16773352	Refer to Image 40. What is most likely causing the occurrence of rose rosette?	Drought (abiotic)	Wrong
111Question 16773353	Refer to Image 41. What most likely caused the footprints seen in this lawn?	Herbicide-contaminated shoes	Wrong
112Question 16773354	Refer to Image 42. Which turfgrass disease is characterized by these small (1 to 3 inches wide), brown to straw-colored patches of dead grass?	Dollar spot	Right

113Question 16773355	Refer to Image 43. Which turfgrass disease is characterized by these lesions that are oblong-shaped, tan to brown with dark brown edges?	Gray leaf spot	Right
114Question 16773356	Refer to Image 44. Which turfgrass disease often has rings of yellow and brown turf with healthy-looking turf in the center?	Large patch	Right
115Question 16773357	Refer to Image 45. What is this condition caused by a class of protozoans that does not harm turfgrass?	Slime mold	Right
116Question 16773358	Refer to Image 46. What is most likely the cause of this condition in palms?	Potassium (K) deficiency	Right
117Question 16773359	Refer to Image 47. What is the most likely cause of this condition in palms?	Boron (B) deficiency	Right
118Question 16773360	Refer to Image 48. Which condition likely caused conk formation on this palm?	Ganoderma butt rot fungus	Right
119Question 16773361	Refer to Image 49. What is causing the condition seen on these lirioppe roots?	Root-knot nematodes	Right
120Question 16773362	Refer to Image 50. What is this weed?	Spurge	Right
121Question 16773363	Refer to Image 51. What is this weed?	Bermudagrass	Right
122Question	Refer to Image 52. What is this	Florida pusley	Wrong

16773364	weed?		
123Question 16773365	Refer to Image 53. What is this weed?	Crabgrass	Right
124Question 16773366	Refer to Image 54. What is this weed?	Henbit	Right
125Question 16773367	Refer to Image 55. What is this weed?	Goosegrass	Right
126Question 16773368	Refer to Image 56. What is this weed?	Florida pusley	Right
127Question 16773369	Refer to Image 57. What is this weed?	Sandspur	Right
128Question 16773370	Refer to Image 58. What is this weed?	Chickweed	Wrong
129Question 16773371	Refer to Image 59. What is this weed?	Torpedograss	Right
130Question 16773372	Refer to Image 60. What is this weed?	Doveweed	Right
131Question 16773373	Refer to Image 61. What is this weed?	Dollarweed	Right
132Question 16773374	Refer to Image 62. What is this weed?	Globe sedge	Right
133Question 16773375	Refer to Image 63. What is this weed?	Cutleaf evening primrose	Right
134Question 16773376	Refer to Image 64. What is this weed?	Chamberbitter	Right
135Question 16773377	Refer to Image 65. What is this weed?	Purple nutsedge	Right
136Question 16773378	Refer to Image 66. What is this weed?	Dichondra	Right

137 Question 16773379	Refer to image 67. What is this weed?	Chickweed	Right
138 Question 16773380	Refer to Image 68. What is this weed?	Carolina geranium	Right
139 Question 16773381	Refer to Image 69. What is this weed?	Black medic	Right
140 Question 16773382	Refer to Image 70. What is this weed?	Yellow nutsedge	Right
141 Question 16773383	Refer to Image 71. Which arthropod pests are most likely forming this tent?	Fall webworm	Right
142 Question 16773384	Refer to Image 72. Which arthropod pest most likely made this exit hole from the tree?	Flatheaded borer	Wrong
143 Question 16773385	Refer to image 73. Which arthropod pest is most likely responsible for these pitch tubes?	Southern pine beetle	Right
144 Question 16773386	Refer to Image 74. Which plant pathogen often causes spots along margins of the leaf or adjacent to leaf veins, and sometimes have angular corners?	Fungi	Wrong
145 Question 16773387	Refer to image 75. What would you tell your client that caused this condition in their lawn and what to do?	There are probably large amounts of organic matter under the turf, remove the mushrooms	Right
146 Question 16773388	Refer to Image 76. What is a practical way to monitor a lawn for this pest?	Pull the grass gently in shady areas and see if the turf rolls back easily due to root feeding	Wrong

147 Question 16773389	Refer to Image 77. If you suspect this problem with a Canary Island date palm, how would you confirm the problem?	Submit the youngest, fully expanded leaf to a laboratory for nutritional tissue analysis	Wrong
148 Question 16773390	Refer to Image 78. Which arthropod pest most likely caused the symptoms shown on this royal palm?	Royal palm aphid	Wrong
149 Question 16773391	Refer to Image 79. Which arthropod pest most likely left the frass tubes on the undersides of this palm leaf?	Royal palm bug	Wrong
150 Question 16773392	Refer to Image 80. What is the life cycle of this weed?	Perennial	Right
151 Question 16773393	What type of mouthparts do scales, mealybugs, aphids, whiteflies, lace bugs, mites, and thrips possess?	Sponging	Wrong
152 Question 16773394	What type of mouthparts do caterpillars, beetles, beetle larvae, sawfly larvae, and grasshoppers possess?	Piercing and sucking	Wrong
153 Question 16773395	Which of the following is an accurate description of mites?	1 body region and 6 legs	Wrong
154 Question 16773396	Which type of pathogen are the following signs characteristic of their presence: spores, masses of hyphae, and mushrooms.	Fungi	Right
155 Question 16773397	Which of the following statements is false regarding plant pathogenic bacteria?	Ooze transpiring from a lesion is a common sign	Wrong

156 Question 16773398	Which of the following statements is false regarding plant pathogenic viruses?	Most viruses reproduce independent of a living plant host	Right
157 Question 16773399	Why are early morning hours a good choice for timing watering of plants and turfgrass?	Soil evaporation rates are greatest and water must be replaced	Wrong
158 Question 16773400	Which of the following statements is false regarding fungicides?	Resistance to many contact fungicides is likely to develop quickly	Right
159 Question 16773401	What is the only reliable way to determine if plant-parasitic nematodes are involved in a plant or turfgrass problem?	Have a nematode assay conducted by a professional nematode diagnostic lab	Right
160 Question 16773402	What is a practical method for determining the presence of mites on ornamental plants?	Hold a piece of white paper below a plant part suspected of having mites, and tap the plant	Right
161 Question 16773403	What is an effective way to monitor for mole crickets?	Use a battery-powered vacuum cleaner, push into the thatch, check the filter	Wrong
162 Question 16773404	Which palm tissue would be most appropriate for sampling to determine a nutrient deficiency?	The youngest, fully expanded leaf	Right
163 Question 16773405	What is the first step to take in the event of a spill involving a pesticide?	Control actively spilling or leaking materials	Right
164 Question 16773406	How do you know that you may need to report any accidental release of a spill involving a pesticide?	Check the local, state, and federal law for the pesticide's reportable quantity	Right

165 Question 16773407	What is the primary reason for the development of pesticide resistance in a weed species' population?	A tiny proportion of the pest population survives the pesticide application due to its genetic makeup, then the survivors reproduce and the population expands	Right
166 Question 16773408	What is the key factor in delaying or preventing the onset of pesticide resistance?	Rotating pesticides with different mechanisms of action	Right
167 Question 16773409	When should a pest control decision be made in order to prevent reaching the aesthetic injury level?	It should be made when the number of pests in the landscape reaches the treatment threshold	Right
168 Question 16773410	When is the most effective time to apply horticultural oils to control scale insects?	When plants are dormant or when temperatures are below 90 degrees	Right
169 Question 16773411	In general, when are insecticides most effective?	When applied to young, immature insects	Right
170 Question 16773412	Which of the following practices are considered to be a form of cultural control of pests?	Proper fertilization and watering of the landscape plants and turfgrass	Right
171 Question 16773413	Which statement is true about protective clothing and equipment statements?	A pesticide label lists the minimum protective clothing and equipment a person must wear	Right
172 Question 16773414	How can you determine if the pesticide products you transport in your service vehicle are regulated by the Department of Transportation (DOT)?	It will be listed in the Transport section of the product's Safety Data Sheet (SDS)	Right
173 Question 16773415	Which of the following statements is false in regards to baiting for	Granular products that contain contact insecticides can be	Right

	control of imported red fire ants?	effective used as baits	
174Question 16773416	Why is post-treatment irrigation so important in achieving effective control of mole crickets?	The combination of water with insecticide is synergistic resulting in a higher degree of control	Wrong
175Question 16773417	Which equation reflects the relationship between pesticide safety concerns?	Toxicity = hazard x exposure	Wrong
176Question 16773418	Which formulation would pose the least amount of mixing and loading hazards of some highly toxic pesticides?	Water-soluble packets	Right
177Question 16773419	Dry flowables have similar properties to wettable powders with the exception that they:	Don't require mixing with water	Wrong
178Question 16773420	Which types of chemicals does OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard require to have a Safety Data Sheet (SDS)?	Any chemical that is determined to be hazardous	Right
179Question 16773421	Which statement is false pertaining to a pesticide storage area?	Keep PPE in the storage area in case of emergency	Right
180Question 16773422	Which of the following should be kept in a vehicle that is used for transporting pesticides?	Copies of all product labels and SDSs that are being transported	Right
181Question 16773423	Which types of pesticides require certification and licensing of commercial operators to legally apply to lawns and ornamentals in Florida?	All pesticides	Right
182Question	Which government agency	Florida Department of Agriculture	Right

16773424	oversees certification and licensing of commercial operators in Florida?	and Consumer Services (FDACS) Bureau of Licensing and Enforcement	
183Question 16773425	What is the maximum number of employees performing lawn and ornamental pest control a certified operator-in-charge may supervise from the business location?	Unlimited	Right
184Question 16773426	What is the annual renewal fee for a pest control business license?	\$150	Wrong
185Question 16773427	What is the minimum size of the sign used for posting of a pesticide application to a lawn or exterior foliage?	4 inches by 5 inches	Right
186Question 16773428	Where must application posting notices be located at the time of a pesticide application to a lawn or exterior foliage?	In a conspicuous location	Right
187Question 16773429	In order to renew a commercial operator certificate in the Lawn & Ornamental category, how many continuing education units (CEUs) are required?	2 CEUs in any category	Wrong
188Question 16773430	How many continuing education units (CEUs) are required annually for non-certified identification cardholders to renew?	2 CEUs in any category	Right
189Question	Which of the following statements	The person may only be notified	Right

16773431	is false regarding the FDACS Registry of Persons Requiring Prior Notification of the Application of Pesticides?	by mail	
190Question 16773432	If your certificate is revoked, how long must you wait before an application for reinstatement may be made?	3 years	Right
191Question 16773433	Which of the following are you required to keep at your licensed business location?	Specimen copies of current registered labels for all pesticides used in their operations	Right
192Question 16773434	Under which circumstance does a business license automatically expire?	If a licensee changes the business location address	Right
193Question 16773435	When does an identification card expire when the holder ceases to be an employee of the licensee?	Automatically expires	Right
194Question 16773436	Unless renewed, when does a license expire?	60 calendar days after the anniversary renewal date	Right
195Question 16773437	What is the minimum amount of time that identification cardholder training records be maintained?	5 years	Wrong
196Question 16773438	Under which circumstances may a pest control company temporarily mark their vehicles, including the use of magnetic signs?	When using the vehicle exclusively for sales and soliciting business, but no pesticides or pesticide equipment are in the vehicle	Right
197Question 16773439	What is the minimum height of the lettering on a licensee's vehicle?	1 ½ inches	Right

198Question 16773440	What is an employee required to have affixed to the identification card in order to perform pest control work?	Signature and current photograph	Right
199Question 16773441	For a person on FDACS' Registry of Persons Requiring Prior Notification of the Application of Pesticides, what is the maximum distance surrounding a person's primary residence that they must receive notice of a pesticide application made by a licensed person?	All properties up to one half mile	Right
200Question 16773442	What information is required by law to be permanently identified on vehicles and trailers used for pest control work?	Licensee's name or trade name	Right

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